Course Title	MICROBIOLOGY-IV
Course Code	BSM 401
	Lecture : 4
Course Credit	Practical : 3
Course Credit	Tutorial : 0
	Total : 7

# **Course Objectives**

On the completion of the course, students will be able to:

- To evaluate the mechanisms of disease causing microbes
- To understand various strategies involved in bacteriology, mycology and virology
- To **compare** the significance of data by bio statistical analysis
- To **analyse** experimental data by using computational analytical tools

# **Detailed Syllabus**

Sr. No.	Name of Chapter & Details	Hours Allotted
	Section-I	
Unit-1	MEDICAL MYCOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY	
	1.1 General properties of fungi: Classification based on disease, superficial,	
	subcutaneous, deep mycosal opportunistic infections including Mycotoxins,	
	systemic mycoses.	
	1.2 Method of collection of samples	09
	1.3 Antifungal agents	
	1.4 Mycetoma, Aspergillosisand Candidiasis.	
	1.5 Filaria, Toxoplasma	

	1.1 Causative organism, mode of action, transmission, symptoms,	
	prevention and control.	
	Normal flora of respiratory tract	
	Bacterial diseases	
	-Scarlet fever	
	-Diptheria	
	-Streptococcal phyringitis	
	Fungal disease	09
	-Histoplasmosis	
	-Coccidioidomycosis	
	-Pneumocystis pneumonia	
	Viral disease	
	-Viral pneumonia	
	- Respiratory Syncytial virus (RSV)	
	- Influenza	
Unit-3	MODERN ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES AND BIOSENSOR	
	TECHNOLOGY	
	<b>3.1 DNA sequencing:</b> Principles and Methods, Automated DNA sequence	
	Analyzer	
	3.2 Blotting techniques and FISH	
	3.3 Electrophoresis	09
	3.4 Chemical synthesis of DNA	
	3.5 PCR Technology: Principle, Methods and Applications	
	3.6 Introduction to Cromatography, paper chromatography, Thin layer	
	chromatography	
	Section-II	

Unit-4	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND BIOSTATISTICS	
	4.1 MS Office: MS word, MS power point, MS Excel	
	4.2 Descriptive Statistics Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode, quartiles, deciles and percentiles (both for raw data and grouped data) Measures of Dispersion: Range, Interquartile Range, Variance, Standard Deviation and Coefficient of Variation. 4.3 Practical Using MS-Excel 4.4 Statistical hypotheses: Null and Alternative hypotheses. Simple and Composite hypotheses. Statistical Tests: Acceptance region and Rejection Region. Types of errors. Significance Tests Distribution: for Normal One sample tests for mean –z test and t-test. Two sample tests for normal distributions: Tests for means (i) when variances are known (ii) - Test for equality of means. Confidence Intervals 4.5 ANOVA	12
Unit-5	MICROBIAL DISEASE OF REPRODUCTIVE AND URINARY TRACT	
	5.1 Structure and function of urinary system.	
	5.2 Normal flora of urinary and reproductive tract	
	5.3 Bacterial disease	
	-Leptospirosis	
	-Cystitis	
	- Bacterial vaginosis	10
	5.4 Protozoan disease	12
	- Tricomoniasis	
	5.5 Viral disease	
	- Genital Herpes	
	- AIDS	
	- Genital warts	

- 1. Estimation of Protein by Bradford method
- 2. Circular paper Chromatography of Amino acids
- 3. Ascending paper chromatography of sugars
- 4. Thin Layer Chromatography of Amino acids
- 5. Agarose Gel Electrophoresis of DNA
- 6. SDS PAGE of Protein
- 7. Evaluation of antifungal agent by bioassay method
- 8. Isolation and identification of candida from clinical specimen
- 9. To check significance of data derived from an experiment by using ANOVA
- 10. Basic use of Computer Use of Excel and power point.

### **Instructional Method and Pedagogy:**

- Lectures will be conducted with the aid of multi-media projector, black board, OHP etc.
- Assignments based on course content will be given to the students at the end of each unit/topic
  and will be evaluated at regular interval.
- Surprise tests/Quizzes/Tutorials will be conducted.
- The course includes a laboratory, where students have an opportunity to build an appreciation for the concepts being taught in lectures.
- Minimum ten experiments shall be there in the laboratory related to course contents.

#### **Students Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Know the concepts of microbiology and microbial biotechnology.
- Apply knowledge in various strategies involved in microbial biotechnology industries.
- Understand the concept of microbial production of antibiotic, organic acid, vitamins, amino acid and industrial alcohol.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Microbiology An Introduction. By [Gerard J. Tortora]
- 2. Wilson and Walker, Practical Biochemistry Principle and Technique
- 3. Shrivastava , Bioanalytical Techniques , Narsa Publication
- 4. Attwood & Parry. D.J., Introduction to Bioinformatics
- 5. Westhead, Parish and Twyman, Instant notes in Bioinformatics
- 6. Andreas. D., & Baxevanis, Bioinformatics